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Recognition and reaction to other emotional fundamental and evolutionary states is a ability shaping animals' life and conserved survival. Here, I will show how using a of combination anatomical, genetic, microendoscopic chemogenetic, and fiber photometry approaches in mice, we were able to demonstrate the contribution of selective cell populations and brain circuits in the ability to conspecifics based discriminate their on emotional state. Overall, our findings provide insights neurobiological into the new mechanisms of emotion recognition.

Wednesday

19 November 2025

at 16:00

Room L Building C1



